

SERVICE AND TRAINING AMMINITION

The SKS and AK rifle firesthe 7.62x39mm round, M1943. The rounds have varying construction depending upon their purpose. The weight of the bullets and their muzzle velocity are selected so that firing with the different bullets can be conducted with the same sight settings. Ammunition is divided into service and auxiliary types.

1. Service ammunition and its use

Service ammunition is divided into ball cartridges and special purpose cartridges.

Ball ammunition is used to engage enemy personnel.

Special ammunition, depending upon its construction, is designed for target indication and correction of fire, igniting fuel and highly inflammable objects, and for destroying lightly armored targets.

Tracer cartridges are designed for target indication, fire adjustment, signal purposes and engaging personnel. Tracer bullets can ignite straw roofs, dry grass, etc. The path of the bullet is indicated by a red flame. The flame can be seen for a distance of 700 meters.

AP-incendiary cartridges are used to destroy fuel (kerosene, gasoline) and for destroying targets protected by thin armor plating at ranges up to 300 meters.

Incendiary cartridges are used to destroy fuel in iron tanks up to 3 millimeters thick. Incendiary cartridges also contain a tracer element. The path of the bullet is indicated by a red flame which can be seen day or night. It can be seen for a distance up to 700 meters.

2. Training Ammunition, purpose and construction

Training amounttion includes drilled and blank 7.62mm rounds, H1943.

Drilled rounds are designed for training in loading and firing. On the body or the cartridge case there are longitudinal grooves, and on the cartridge case mouth there are marks from the clamping device. The primer is pierced. There is no propellant in the cartridge case.

Blank cartridges are designed for simulating fire and are used in tactical exercises. There is no bullet in the blank cartridges. The mouth is sealed by a star (rosette) crimp. It is dangerous to stand closer than 10 meters away from the muzzle face when blank cartridges are being fired.

INSTRUCTIONS ON DISASSEMBLY OF THE SKS RIFLE

Step 1: Pull the bolt handle to the rear and visually inspect the chamber to make certain that the rifle is unloaded. After doing so, depress the magazine follower and gently release the bolt, letting it go completely forward.

Step 2: Leaving the harmmer cocked, engage the safety lever on "safe".

Step 3: Rotate the receiver cover connecting pin upward to the vertical position (fig. 1). Pull the pin out as far as possible (fig. 2).



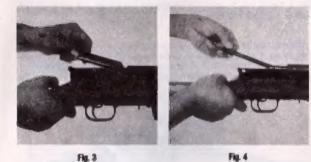


Fig. 1

Fig. 2

Step 4: Lift the raceiver cover off of the receiver (fig. 3).

Step 5: Remove the recoil spring from the rear of the bolt carrier (fig. 4).



Step 6: Pull the bolt carrier/bolt assembly to the rear of the receiver (fig. 5). Remove the entire assembly.

Step 7: Use a bullet tip to pry up the pision tube locking lever (fig. 6). Position the lever in a way such that the camming surface located at the front is completely vertical.

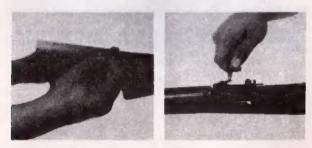


Fig. 5

Fig. 6

Step 6: Carefully raise the handguard assembly and rock it slowly from side to side until it can be pulled away from the gas block (fig. 7).

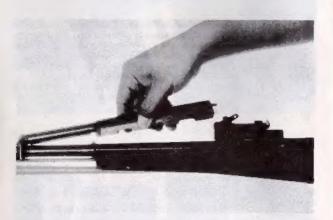


Fig. 7

Step 9: Tilt the handguard assembly and the piston will slide out of the piston tube.

The sequence given above is sufficient to field-strip the rifle for cleaning and regular maintenance. No further disassembly is recommended except for repair by a qualified gunsmith.

CLEANING THE RIFLE

Begin with the rifle field-stripped. Attach the bore brush to the cleaning rod (located underneath the barrel). Saturate the bore brush with gun solvent and push the brush through the length of the barrel. The cap of the accessory tube can be used to protect the crown of the muzzle from damage during cleaning (fig. 8). Repeat the procedure with cloth cleaning patches soaked in solvent. Wrap the patches around the tions cleaner. When the touling has been removed, the bore should be wiped dry of solvent. If you do not intend to fire the rifle soon, run a slightly oiled patch through the bore for preservation.



Fig. 1

The bolt, bolt carrier, piston, recoil spring and receiver cover should be wiped off with a clean cloth. The action parts should be coated with a light film of oil. The gas piston and the gas tube should be left clean and dry. Pouring oil into the receiver indiscriminately in not recommended.

The basic SKS rifle cleaning kit consists only of a bore brush, bore cleaner and punch. A gas port reamer is not normally included with the rifle (one is available at extra cost), However, we do recommend that you clean the gas port and the gas block area regularly. To do so, insert the gas port reamer (or a similarly-shaped lool) into the gas port of the rifle (fig. 9). Turn it clockwise until the fouling has been removed.

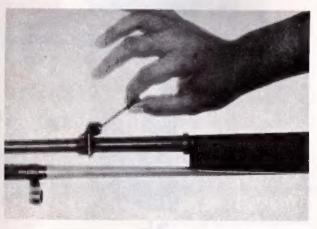


Fig. 9

REMOVING THE TRIGGER MECHANISM AND THE MAGAZINE

Use a bullet tip or a pin punch to strike the trigger mechanism retaining button (fig.10). Once released, the trigger assembly can be pulled back from the stock assembly.

With the trigger mechanism removed, the magazine can be taken out of the stock by simultaneously pulling down and to the rear (fig. 11).





Fig. 10

Fig. 1

MOUNTING THE BAYONET

Begin by sliding the bayonet handle and the bayonet spring over the tang of the spike bayonet. Push downward on the handle until the slot for attaching the bayonet screw is exposed. Hold the bayonet carefully in this position with the muzzle ring facing the muzzle of the rifle (fig. 12) and insert the bayonet pin into its proper slot in the bayonet lug. Tighten the bayonet pin with a screwdriver of proper size.

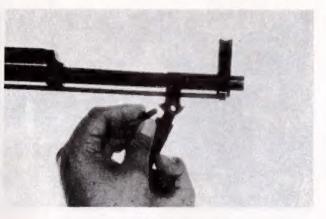


Fig. 12

- - Recoil Spring
- **ನದ್ದಮ್ಪಡ್**

- - 4-K
- A-2. Bore Brush A-3. Bore Cleaner A-4. Accessory Tube
- A-5 Accessory Tube Cap 8-1. Bayonet Handie 8-2. Bayonet Spring
 - 8-1. Bayonet 8-2. Bayonet 8-3. Bayonet

Receiver Cover Connecting Pin

YOU ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR FIREARMS SAFFTY

Please let us remind you that, as a gun owner, you accept a set of responsibilities of the most demanding nature. How seriously you carry out these responsibilities can be the difference between tile and death. Mistakes made with guns are final and cannot be paid for with money or regret. PLEASE READ AND UNDERSTAND THE PROPER HANDLING AND INSTRUCTION PROCEDURES OUTLINED IN THIS BOOKLET BEFORE USING YOUR NEW FIREARM.

There is no excuse for careless or abusive handling of any firearm. At all times handle this firearm with intense respect for its force and power.

Please read and practice the following cautions

- 1 ALWAYS KEEP THE MUZZLE OF YOUR RIFLE POINTED IN A SAFE DIRECTION even though you are certain the rifle is unloaded. Never point your rifle at anything you do not intend to shoot. Be extremely afen and aware of all persons and property within the range of your amount ton.
- WHENEVER YOU PICK UP YOUR RIFLE, ALWAYS OPEN THE ACTION AND VISUALly check the chamber, receiver and magazine to be certain they do not contain any amountation
- WARNING-NEVER TRUST YOUR RIFLE'S MECHANICAL "SAFETY" DEVICE. The
 word. safety" describes a gun's trigger block mechanism, sear block mechanism,
 hammer block mechanism or firing pin block mechanism. These mechanical devices
 are designed to place your gun in a SAFER status. No guarantee can be made that
 the gun will not fire aven if the "safety" is in the "on safe" position.
 - Like any mechanical device a safety can sometimes fait, it can be jarred or inadvertely man-pulsted into an unsafe condition. Mechanical "safeties" merely aid safe gun handling and are no excuse for pointing a rifle's muzzle in an unsafe direction.
 - While it is a good idea to "test" your rifle's mechanical "safety" periodically for proper function, NEVER test it while your rifle is loaded or pointed in an unsafe direction.
 - Safe gun handling does not stop with your gun's mechanical "safety" device. It starts there Always treat this rifle with the respect due a loaded, ready-to-fire firearm
- 4 ALWAYS UNLOAD YOUR RIFLE WHEN NOT IN USE. Your responsibilities do not end when your rifle is unattended. Store your rifle and ammuunition separately beyond the reach of children. Take all safe guards to insure your gun does not become available to untrained, inexperienced or unwelcomed hands.

5. BEWARE OF BARREL OBSTRUCTIONS for the safety of both your rifle and yourself Before you load your rifle open the action. BE SURE NO LIVE ROUND IS IN THE CHAMBER OR MAGAZINE. Then glance through the barrel to be sure it is crear of any obstruction. Be careful how you carry your rifle. Do not permit the muzzle to dip into mud isnow or water. Do not thrust your barrel through a thicket with the possibility of ramming a twig into the bore. An infinite variety of objects may inadvertently lodge in a barrel, it takes only a small obstruction to dangerously increase pressures.

Before the first firing of your rifle clean the bore with a cleaning rod and patch. Wipe away any anti-rust compounds in the action-chamber areas.

- 8. DO NOT SNAP THE HAMMER ON AN EMPTY CHAMBER. THE CHAMBER MAY NOT BE EMPTY! Treat every gun with the respect due a loaded gun—even though you are certain the gun is unloaded.
- 7 WHENEVER YOU MAND YOUR RIFLE TO ANOTHER PERSON ALWAYS OPEN THE ACTION. Whenever you accept a gun Irom shother person, open the action if it is it already open, and inspect the chamber and magazine to be sure all live rounds are cleared.
 8 BE SURE OF YOUR TARGET. Be sure no persons livestock, buildings or other.
- objects are behind or near your target. Be absolutely sure of target particularly during low light periods.

 BE SURE OF YOUR BACKSTOP. Know the range of your ammunition and be certain.
- there is no chance of damage or accident. Never shoot at water or hard objects.

 10. ALWAYS UNLOAD ANY GUN'S CHAMBER AND MAGAZINE BEFORE CROSSING FENCE CLIMBING A TREE, JUMPING A DITCH or negotiating other obstacles. Never lean a loaded gun against a fence tree car or smitter object.
- FOR EYE AND EAR PROTECTION we recommend that you always wear shooting classes and hearing protection when shooting
- 12 AMMUNITION Your rifle must be used only with cartridges of the correct caliber as inacribed on the side of the barrel or receiver.
- 13. IF YOUR RIFLE FAILS TO FIRE DUE TO A MALFUNCTION OF EITHER RIFLE OR AMMUNITION, keep the muzzle pointed in a safe direction and hold this position for a minimum of 30 seconds. Carefully open the action and remove the carlir dge. If the primer is indented, it should be disposed of in a way that can cause no harm. If the primer is not indented, your rifle should be examined by a qualified durismith.
- 14. SUPERVISE AND EDUCATE. Stress finances safety to all members of your family, especially to children and non-shooters. Don't be firmed when it comes to gun safety if you observe other shooters violating safety precautions, politiely suggest safet handling oractices.

and the cause of the malfunction should be corrected before future use

NOMENCLATURE

In conventional gun terminology the position and movement of gun parts are described as they occur with gun horizontal and in normal firing position, i.e., the muzzle is forward or front the builtstock is rearward or rear, the trigger is downward or underneath the sights are sowward or on too.



Figure 1

CAUTION

Trigger

FOLDING STOCK

Before firing your rille, make sure there are NO OBSTRUCTIONS in the barrel. Wipe away all grease from the chamber and bore of the barrel.

GENERAL OPERATING PROCEDURE

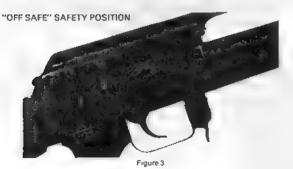
Your new Model AKS is a gas operated, semi-automatic repealing rifle. With carif dges in the magazine and in the chamber and the safety in the "OFF SAFE" or "FIRE" position the rifle will lire a single round with each successive pull of the trigger until the magazine and chamber are empty.

OPERATION OF THE SAFETY

The safety lever is located on the right side of the receiver. (See figure 2.) To place the rifle on safe." move the lever upward until the lever at gns behind the both one along hand a tisse figure 2) and the letter. Si is visable below the safety lever. To place the rifle for safe in move the lever downward both the lever is in correct alignment in a ther. To or "Filipposition."

CAUTION. The "SAFETY" should be kept in its "ON SAFE" position at all times except when actually firing the rifle.





LOADING THE RIFLE

The AKS semi-automatic high power rifls is supplied with a 30 round box magazine sdapled to imit the magazines capacity to 5 rounds. Additional magazines with 30 round capacity are available as accessories.

To load the magazine hold the magazine in one hand while using the other hand to Carefully insert each cartridge into the magazine against the pressure of the spring loaded follower until it is retained by the metair ims of the magazine body. Care should be exercised in positioning each cartridge so that its base is to the rear of the magazine. If the nose of a cartridge protrudes beyond the end of the magazine, if could interfere with insertion of the magazine.

To ready the rifle for loading first insure that the safety lever is in the "ON SAFE" position

Next hold the rille in a natural position with the barrel safety pointing at the ground. Use either hand to hold the rille at the lorearm. Then insert the magazine into the receiver opening in Iront of the trigger guard of the rille. A sharp metallic click will indicate that the magazine is fully inserted and engaged with the magazine fatch. A found may be chambered by placing the safety in the clit safe position, drawing the boil operating handle fully rearward and allowing it to feety return to its closed position.

Once a round has been chambered, the magazine unit may be removed at any time desired for refilling to capacity

UNLOADING THE RIFLE

With the rifle 'ON SAFE and pointed in a safe downward direction release and remove the magazine. Next place the weapon: OFF SAFE. Greap the boilt operating handle and move it amartly to the rear thereby extracting and executing any Live round in the chamber. As is always good safety practice, then visually inspect the chamber to be absolutely sure a round is not still present. Once this is determined the boil may be allowed to close. The magazine may then be either kept loaded or the cartridges may be allowed to close. The magazine may then be either kept loaded or the cartridges may be allowed for the things of each round until it class; the relatining time.

REAR SIGHT

The AKS is provided with a rear sight with graduated adjustments at 100, 200, 300, 400, 500, 500, 700 and 300 meters. The letter D designates battle setting when time does not permit setting their ide.

To set the rear sight for the required graduation, raise the sight leaf and move the stide until the Rear Sight Ad usting Block coincides with the desired graduation on the sight real then release the such leaf.

FRONT SIGHT

Horizontal adjustment should be correct at the time you purchase your AKS rifle However if for your sighting procedure a slight change appears necessary a horizontal adjustment may be accomp ished by moving the Front Sight Stud to the right or left. The Sight Stud is secured to the Front Sight Base by friction fit. By tapping the Front Sight Stud within the front sight base it can be moved in the direction desired. A non-inetallic material should bear against the Front Sight Stud during tapping to avoid marring the linish. In making the lateral adjustment, keep this simple rule in mind, the front sight stud should move the opposite direction from that you wish the point of bullet impact to move. Horizontal adjustment is a process of trial and error using the method described above. (See figure 4.)

Vertical adjustment may be made using the combination tool prepared as shown in figure 5. The assembly of the combination tool is shown on page 10. To raise the point of impact turn the front sight post clockwise. To lower the point of impact turn the front sight post counter-clockwise.



Figure 4

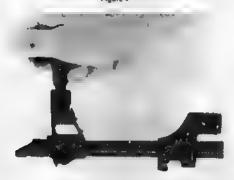


Figure 5

TRIGGER

The trigger mechanism has been adjusted at the factory to provide a puth consistent with safety. It is recommended that no attempt be made to change the weight of pull of the trigger.

CLEANING EQUIPMENT STORAGE

The AKS accessory kill is stored within the buttstock of the Standard AKS and is a loose accessory with the Folding AKS. To remove the accessory kill from the Standard AKS depress the Buttplate Cap with the index linger the amount necessary for the accessory case to be ejected from the buttstock by the Buttplate Spring. The cleaning tod is stored beneath the barre of both modes and can be removed by putling the cleaning rod head out and upward from its retainer. The gas port reamer is an L shaped tool provided as a loose accessory with each AKS.

To prepare the cleaning rod to clean the bore, the accessory case must be attached to the cleaning rod as follows:

- Insert the small end of the cleaning rod through the large hole in the accessory case so that the head of the cleaning rod passes inside the accessory case and butts against the case wall (See Figure 8).
- 2 Install the accessory case cap on the cleaning rod with the open end up.
- 3 Install the jag or brush on the threaded end of the cleaning rod. (See Figure 8 to unstall (ag with combination tool.)
- 4. Insert the combination tool into the acessory case above the cleaning rod head.







Figure 9

Figure 10

To use the toolless key for removing instaining or adjusting the front sight, the screw driver blade is inserted into the noticles in the accessory case (through the long notch (c) and the short notch (d). (See Figure 9.)

To use the tool as a screwdriver, the key is inserted onto the accessory case notches (through the long notch (c) and the short notch (d) (See Figure 10.)

DISASSEMBLY

The correct procedure for disassembly of your rifle follows

- 1 BE CERTAIN THE RIFLE IS UNCOADED AND THE SAFETY IS IN THE ON SAFE" POSITION
- 2 Remove the magazine by pushing forward on the magazine talch while pulling the magazine down and out of the receiver. (See Fig. 11.)



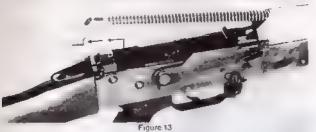
Figure 11

3 Push lorward on the action return spring retaining block and lift the action cover from the receiver (See Fig 12)



Figure 12

4 Remove the action return spring relaining block by pushing forward to clear the receiver slot and lifting up. Once the action spring retaining block has been released, draw the action return spring assembly to the rear and remove. (See Fig. 13.)



Place the safety in the "Off Safe" position and draw the bolt carrier assembly completely to the rear and out of the receiver (See Fig. 14.)

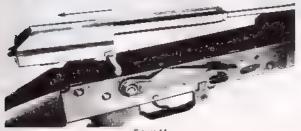


Figure 14

 Remove the bolt from the bolt carrier by pivoting the bolt crockwise to the rear and furning an additional witten. Next remove the bolt from the bolt carrier by extracting it toward the day pilon. ISSE for 15.1.

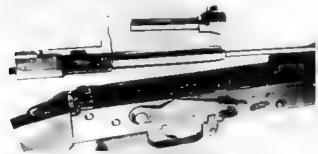


Figure 15

7 Disassemble the bolt by using the knock out rod on the combination tool or a pin punch of correct size. First remove the fixing pin retaining pin (See ligure 18.17his will allow the fixing pin to be removed from the rear of the bolt. Next, remove the extractor retainer pin. (See figure 17.1. This will allow the extractor and extractor spring to be removed. When disassembling the bott note the alignment of the extractor pin. When relassembling, the notch in the extractor pin must be replaced exactly as removed to allow the living pin retaining pin to be replaced.



Figure 16

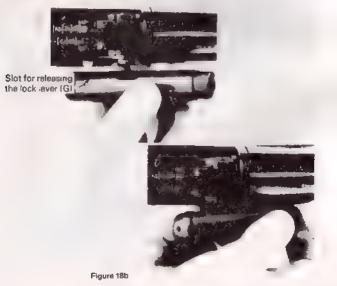
Figure 17

 To remove the upper handguard with gas cylinder lift up on the lock lever located on the right side of the rear is ght unto it will allow the upper hand-guard with gas cylinder to be removed. (See figure 18a.)



Figure 18a

NOTE if the lock lever is extremely tight, the accessory case may be used to aid in releasing lock lever (See Figure 18b.)



9 To remove the compensator use the screwdriver end of the combination too! to depress the compensator lock white furning the compensator clockwise o!! The barre



Figure 19

CLEANING

The correct procedure for cleaning your disassembled offe follows

 Insert the gas port reamer into the gas port of the AKS. (See I gure 20.) Turn clockwise until foulting is removed.

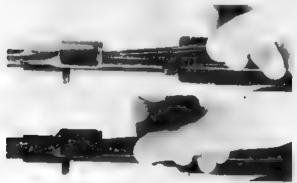


Figure 20

- 2 Using the cleaning rod with [ag and patch amough anuglit in bore insert rod and patch in barrol from the muzzle and Allow the accessory case cap to cover the muzzle and align the cleaning rod on the bore. The accessory cap will help prevent the cleaning rod from striking the crown of the muzzle. Damage to this area can advantagly affect the accuracy of the rifle.
- 3. Inspect the chamber and bors for powder fouling. A normal smount of powder residue can be expected and is not serious. If can usually be removed by repealing Step Number 3 using a patch salurated with nitro-solvent if or when fouring should become heavy it can be removed with the borse hours. Dip the broak in intro-solvent and sorts the chamber and bors until the fouling is removed. To prevent bristles from breaking off this brush should be pushed completely through the bors before being withdrawn.
- 4 After louling has been removed, the bore should be wiped dry and then a slightly over each run through it for preservation.
- 5. The gas cylinder, bolt bolt carrier with gas piston, action spring and action cover should be wiped oil with a clean cloth. Any dried oil or louting in these areas should be removed. Follow this cleaning by applying a very light (find oil oil on bolt bolt carrier and action spring. The gas piston and gas cylinder should be free of all traces of sit Do not oour letting quantities of oil till to be receiver.
- 6 Wipe all exposed metal surfaces with an olded cloth, making sure to wipe gunclean of all linger marks where morsture will accumulate. Ordinary good judgement will of course, indicate that the metal of the gun should receive a light film of oil any time the gun has been exposed to adverse weather or handling.

MAGAZINE DISASSEMBLY



Figure 21

To disassemble the magazine for cleaning, use the knock out rod of the Combination Tool. Depress the magazine spring bottom refainer and silde the magazine bottom plate from the magazine housing.

(Caution: Wear safety glasses when disassembling the magazine.)

MAG PAC MAGAZINE EXCHANGE SYSTEM



To assemble, install the two round head screws through the holes in the first bracket, into the two holes without bushings and tighten. Then place two magazines in position and snap the top refusive bracket into place and secure with two thumb screws.

Figure 22

30 rd. magazines assembled with MAG-PAC on the AKS Folding Stock Model.



Figure 23



Figure 24 Sling attached to AKS.



Figure 25 Attaching the Knife bayonet



Figure 26 Knife bayonet locked in position

To remove bayonet, depress the lock release button and stide the bayonet forward and off the AKS.

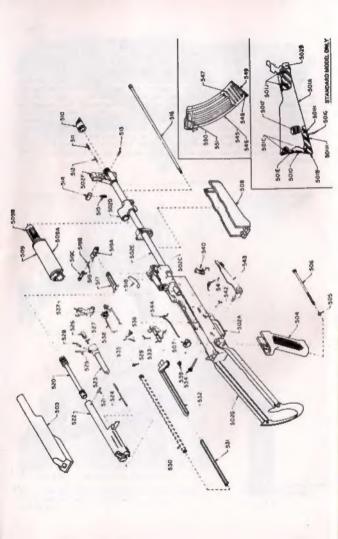


Lock release -button

Figure 27

REASSEMBLY

Reassembly is just the reverse of steps for disassembly. The compensator is replaced by furning it on the muzzle counter-clockwise and is retained by the compensator took. The upper kandguard with gas cytinder is replaced and locked. Next assemble the bolt by replacing the extractor extractor spring and extractor retainer pin. Now, place the fitting pin into the bolt and retain it with the lining pin retaining the pin. Next, replace the bolt into the bolt carrier assembly. The bolt carrier with gas piston is next inserted into the rear of the gas cytinder. After insertion, the bolt carrier with bolt is depressed into the receiver raits and smartly pushed forward by the bolt operating handle. The action return spring is now inserted into the rear of the receiver. The action cover is replaced next. The action cover must fit properly in the groove below the rear sight and be held in position by the action return spring retaining block.



PARTS LIST

501AButtstock, Standard
501B Butt Plate (Std. Model)
501C Butt Plate Screws (Std. Model)
501D Butt Plate Cap (Std. Model)
501E Butt Plate Cap Spring (Std.)
501F Butt Plate Spring (Oiler Removal)
501G
501H Buttstock Sling Swivel Screw (Std.)
501J Buttstock Tang Screw (Std. Model)
502A Receiver & Trigger Guard Compl. (Folding)
502B
502C Lock Lever, Gas Cylinder
502D Gas Connector
502E
502F Front Sight Ramp
502F Front Signt Namp
502G Buttstock, Folding
503 Action Cover
504
505 Grip Screw Washer
506 Grip Screw
507 Grip Screw Nut
508 Lower Handguard
509Upper Hand Guard Compi.
509A Upper Hand Guard
509B Gas Cylinder
510
511 Compensator Lock
512 Compensator Lock Spring
513 Compensator Lock Pin
514 Front Sight Adjusting Block
515 Front Sight Post
516 Cleaning Rod
517Rear Sight
518 Rear Sight Spring
519 Rear Sight Adjusting Slide Assy.
519A Rear Sight Adjusting Block
519B Rear Sight Adjusting Stide Spring
519C Rear Sight Adjusting Slide Insert
520 Gas Piston
521 Gas Piston Retaining Pin
522
Pale Dale
523 Bolt

524	Firing Pin
525	Firing Pin Retaining Pin
	Extractor
	Extractor Spring
	The state of the s
	Extractor Retainer Pin
	Front Guide Retainer
530	Action Return Spring
531	Front Action Return Spring Guide
	Action Return Spring Guide
	Trigger
	Trigger Pin
	Sear
	Sear Spring
537	
538	Hammer Spring
539	

	Magazine Latch Pin
	Safety Lever
544	Hammer & Trigger Pin Retainer
545	Magazine (30 Shot Compl.)
546	Magazine (5 Shot Compl.)
547	Magazine Spring
548	Magazine Spring Bottom Retainer
	Certridge Follower (30 shot)
551	Cartridge Follower (5 shot)

WEAPON MARKINGS

SAFE-UPPER MID LOWER	FACTORY	SELECTOR			COUNTRY
A SHAP SE BE PRC A L D PRC M22 L D PRC M32 L D PRC M32 L D PRC M32 L D PRC M32 M34 M35 M35 M36		SAFE-UPPER			
D PRC	1959			ОД	USSR,
D PRC			连	鱼	PRC
M22	16			D	PRC
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	X 63			E	E. GERM
	(3)		211	CHL	N KOREA
	金五市五			D	PRC